735

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No. 636.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1767.

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL, vide Pa. 739.

Pleaſe to inſert the following in your Gazette.

AGREEABLE to my intention expreſſed in my former paper, I now proceed to conſider this queſtion, viz. *Whether the late Duties laid by Parliament on Glaſs, Paper, Painters Oyl and Colours, are juſtly complain'd of as infringing the Rights of the Colonies?* I am ſenſible that the ground on which I tread is dangerous, and I know very well that many are upon the watch to find ſomething which may be wreſted to the moſt malicious purpoſes; yet as I think myſelf capable of defending what I advance, I do not fear to deliver my ſentiments. I here willingly wave a general examination of the Right which the Parliament have in any caſe to legiſlate for the Americans upon the principles of the Britiſh Conſtitution; and I believe nothing but intolerable ſeverities on the part of the mother country will ever tempt the Americans to carry the conſequences fairly deducible from certain maxims of Britiſh government to their full length; for it is the miſuſe of power which leads us to ſcrutanize the legality of it.—I ſhall therefore, at preſent, confine myſelf, as much as the circumſtances of the caſe will admit of, to the queſtion before me, which I ſhall handle with the utmoſt brevity: and I now addreſs myſelf to thoſe ingenious gentlemen who have, with that ſupercilious air which is natural to underſtandings of their inferior claſs, repeatedly demanded to know, *in what inſtance we were aggrieved*, and tell us that, *while we are free from internal taxations, our conſtitution can never be indangered, nor we injured:* and can you really, without bluſhing, gentlemen, attempt to cheat the people out of their ſenſes by playing with words? Do you ſuppoſe that it is of any importance to us, whether we are, without conſent, drained of our money by an internal or an external tax? I know not of any magick charm in the term *external tax*, that ſhould make us more content to be ruined by that than by an *internal tax*.—I would aſk theſe gentlemen whether they know why the colonies have in times paſt more ſtrenuouſly oppoſed an internal than an external taxation, if they do not, I ſhall charitably inform them: an internal taxation has commonly been deſigned to raiſe a Revenue, and therefore could not by any means be fixed by the Britiſh Parliament upon the Americans without militating with a fundamental principle of Britiſh government, viz. that *no man can be taxed without his conſent, either by himſelf in perſon, or by his repreſentative*; whereas external taxation has been only deſigned for the regulation of trade, and if at any time an external tax is laid for the purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue, it is nothing better than an internal taxation, ſince in that caſe it is ſimilar to an internal tax in the eſſentially exceptionable article; this method of ſtating the caſe is conformable to the common ſenſe of mankind; for it would be abſurd to ſay that an internal taxation was unconſtitutional, becauſe it deprived us of our property without our conſent, and yet to acknowledge an external taxation to be conſtitutional, which equally with the other infringes our natural right of diſpoſing of our own money; and I have alſo the happineſs to find the great and truly reſpectable Mr. PITT agreeing with me in this matter, who when the miſchievous G—ge G—ville told him *that he could not underſtand the difference between internal and external taxes, theſe being the ſame in effect and only differing in name*, anſwered, *that there was a plain difference between taxes laid for the purpoſes of raiſing a Revenue, and duties impoſed for the Regulation of Trade for the accommodation of the ſubject*; whereby plainly intimating that he looked upon the raiſing a Revenue as a circumſtance more important and intereſting than any nominal diſtinctions could be; but the preſent Duties upon Paper, Glaſs, Painter's Oil & Colours, are deſigned to raiſe a Revenue for the ſupport of certain officers independent of the People who maintain them. The duty is laid by the Britiſh Parliament, the members of which pay no part of the duties they impoſe, who are no way dependent on this people, and on the election of whom they can have no influence; conſequently then it was laid without their conſent, either by themſelves or their repreſentatives, and is therefore repugnant to a fundamental principle of Britiſh government; for I take it for granted, that the notion of a virtual repreſentation is now by all judicious men eſteemed no better than the *ignis fatuus* of G—ville's bewildered brain: and if ſuch chimerical phantoms are ſuffered to miſlead the Britiſh ſenate, they will inevitably undermine the noble foundation of their happy conſtitution.—I cannot, at preſent, conceive why an act paſſed by the legiſlatures of America with His Majeſty King George at their head, to tax the inhabitants of Great-Britain, would not bind *them* as much as an act paſſed by the legiſlature of G. Britain for taxing America, binds *us*; both would be inconſiſtent with the natural law of Right, which allows every man to diſpoſe of his own property, and both would be ſubverſive of the Britiſh conſtitution; but I know not that one would be more ſo than the other; for the American legiſlatures could undoubtedly reſolve that G. Britain was virtually repreſented in America, with as much eaſe as the Britiſh legiſlature could reſolve that America was repreſented in the parliament of G. Britain, and the only difference would be, that one country was perhaps more able to ſupport their claim than the other. It was doubtleſs from conſiderations like theſe that Mr. Pitt, the guardian of Britain and preſerver of America, was led to declare in the Houſe of Commons, '*I rejoice that America has reſiſted—Three millions of people ſo dead to all the feelings of Liberty as voluntarily to conſent to be ſlaves, would have been fit inſtruments to make ſlaves of the Reſt.*' But I have ſaid enough to convince ſuch as are deſirous of finding the truth; thoſe who think that Right is only founded in ſtrength, muſt be perſuaded by other arguments. I might here proceed to ſhew how eaſily the conſtitution would be changed by the deſigned application of part of the Revenue (raiſed by the above Duties) to the ſupport of Governors, Judges, &c. by pointing out the little neceſſity the Governors would have to call together the Repreſentatives of the People, and the little importance they would be of when convened: I might alſo explain the natural tendency which a total dependance on the Crown would have to render the Judges the Executors of every royal inſtruction, however inconſiſtent with the Rights of the People; but I ſhall not inſiſt upon theſe at preſent.—As I believe that only a very ſmall proportion of the above Duties will be collected, a legal method of preventing the payment of them, viz. by ſtopping the importation of foreign manufactures, will be earneſtly recommended in my next,

vide pa. 754. PELOPIDAS.

[*For* PILOPIDAS *in our laſt, read* PELOPIDAS.]

The Grand Lodge or Quarterly

Communication of Free and Accepted MASONS, aſſembled at *Boſton* on Friday the 23d Inſtant, having taken into Conſideration their Loſs in the Death of the late *Jeremy Gridley*, Eſq; the laſt Grand Maſter; Reſolved to invite the Right Worſhipful *Henry Price*, Eſq; paſt Grand Maſter of that ancient and honorable Society, to Re-aſſume the Office again, as it conſtitutionally reverted to him; He having conſented thereto, was with the uſual Ceremonies inveſted, and placed at the Head of Maſonry, till another Grand Maſter is elected here, and conſtituted by the Grand Maſter of England. Whereof all the Fraternity in North-America and the Weſt-Indies, under this Juriſdiction, are to take due Notice. *By Order of the Grand Lodge,*

A. SAVAGE, Gr. Sec'ry.

Juſt imported in the laſt Ships, and to be ſold by

George Erving,

A Freſh Aſſortment of low-pric'd Iriſh Linnens—Ruſſia Duck—Cheſhire Cheeſe—Freſh Currants—Pepper—Split Peas, &c.

TO BE SOLD OR LETT,

A Convenient Tenement, with a good Pump of Water, Yard, Garden, &c. ſituated in Charter Street, near Capt. *Hart's*, at North Part of the Town. For further Particulars, inquire of Edes and Gill.

Choice Ruſſia Duck.

To be Sold at Store No. 12, on the South Side of the Town Dock,

BEST *Ruſſia* DUCK, at the loweſt Price.

Saml. Abbot

Has Imported in the laſt Ships from *London*,

A Very large and compleat Aſſortment of Engliſh and India Goods ſuitable for the Seaſon, which he is determined to ſell extreme cheap for Caſh, by Wholeſale and Retail at his Shop the Corner of *Wing's* Lane, near the Town Dock, *Boſton*.

☞ Cutlary Ware, Window Glaſs by the Box, Spices, Earthen and Glaſs Ware, Mens Hatts, Butt Soles, Paper, &c. &c.

Robert Jenkins, Tertius.

HAS Imported in the Brigantine *Lydia*, Captain *Scott*, from LONDON,

An aſſortment of Engliſh & India GOODS ſuitable for the Seaſon, which his good Cuſtomers and others may depend on his ſelling extream low for Caſh, by Wholeſale and Retail, at his Shop the Head of Dock-Square, juſt above the Market.

William Jones,

Has Imported in the Diana, *James Hall*, Maſter, from LONDON:

A Freſh Aſſortment of Druggs and Medicines. ALSO,

MAckenzie's genuine Acid Juice of Norway Tar, Walker's Jeſuit Drops, Turlington's Balſam of Life, Hill's Pectoral Balſam of Honey, Godfrey's Cordial, Bateman's Pectoral Drops Betton's Britiſh Oyl, Golden Spirits of Scurvey Graſs, Plain Ditto, Dr. Tomſon's Sovereign Spirit of Venice Treacle, Stoughton's Elixer, Dr. Daffy's famous Elixer Salutis, Hooper's Female Pills, Lockyer's Pills, Anderſon's Scotch Ditto, The beſt Jordan Almonds, Valentia Ditto, Turkey Figgs, Raiſins, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, and Pepper, Salt Petre by the Caſk, hundred, dozen or ſingle Pound, Iſinglaſs, beſt double diſtill'd Lavender Water, Hungary ditto, Eau de Luce, Court Plaiſter, Allum, Copperas, Logwood, Redwood, ground Madder, ground Redwood, roſe & powder'd Brimſtone, and all Sorts of Groceries, Surgeons Inſtruments &c. which he will ſell cheap for Caſh or ſhort Credit, at his Shop oppoſite the Town-Houſe, Boſton.

SOLD BY

Elizabeth Franklin,

At the Poſt-Office,

THE beſt true Crown Soap, Alicant beſt hard Soap, by the Doz. or ſingle Pound, dipt and mould Candles at the loweſt Price.

All Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mrs. Sarah Hodgſon, *late of* Boſton, *Widow, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Capt.* Thomas Potts *or Mr.* William Crombie, *of ſaid* Boſton, *Executors of the laſt Will of the ſaid deceaſed, in Order for a ſpeedy Settlement.*

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE.

On *THURSDAY* next, at Ten o'Clock Forenoon,—All the Houſhold Furniture and Wearing Apparel of the ſaid deceaſed, which may be viewed at her late Dwelling Houſe in Royal Exchange Lane, the Day before the Sale. P. DUPEE.

** George Grenville vide Pitts Speech page 735.

vide the Duties page 735. ◇◇ vide the Duty act

To the PRINTERS.

I KNOW not how it happens, but as an advocate for prerogative, I cannot but lament, that among the many scribblers who have betrayed a penchant for the late repeated chastisements of the colonists, I can scarcely recollect one tolerable performance; surely it cannot be that the cause is indeed so wretched as not to admit of better defence, and if the prizes that await the combatants on this side the question fail to animate them to do worthily, let them in honest despair of success throw aside the pen, and not by the most puny, futile and slimsy show of argument betray their cause, and give a needless triumph to their adversaries: 'Tis my constant custom, after shutting up my store to convert the papers with a studious pipe, and tho' I profess myself in general to be adverse to the intemperate sticklers for liberty, yet I must acknowledge to have received pleasure from many an ingenious composition, which tended to promote that popular cause: What then must be my chagrine to see the exertions of power supported in the most impotent manner; have we not to deal with the most enlightned people on the face of the earth? where then are the sentiments of wisdom to inform, where is the voice of reason to perswade, or the fine spun web of genious to enfnare and captivate? tis a vain search, and savours of absurdity to hunt for any thing of the kind in the tory productions; like the dog in the fable, we must first abandon understanding, before we plunge in quest of the shadow of it among them: *A trader* in the evening post of the 12th Instant hath listed under the banners of oppression; he must pardon me for the freedom of the expression, for tho' I deprecate the most distant attempt to fly in the face of legal authority, yet tenderness to my country mingles with my warmest prayers, and I cannot but express a plenary satisfaction when I see the people heartily disposed to unite and prosecute any constitutional measure which may make for their preservation; contracting their imports from G. B† is a mode of conduct, so intirely correspondent with their duty and allegiance, and of such evident tendency to relieve them from their present embarrasments, that it would seem an insult upon common sense to pretend it's defence, were not it's propriety, usefulness and efficacy arraigned with with some degree of speciousness by the abovementioned bawd to slavery. A wise prudent people (says he) will always maturely consider the consequences attending any publick measure before they engage in the same; very just, this I admit to be a natural and reasonable duty; but let me ask this trader if after, the most deliberate examination we find the consequences of those measures to be the sure destruction of the people, what must be done then? I imagine this fair trader will grant that those measures are to be rejected; thus far it appears we are agreed. Now to pursue the same chain of reasoning; let us suppose that those destructive measures are arbitrarily obtruded upon us by an irresistible power, without leaving to our option whether to accept or reject them. What is to be done then? the answer is conclusive, we must submit to the yoke, unless we can prevent it's mischievous operations by some expedient which shall quadrate with the principles of the constitution. As *the trader* has wisely declined mentioning the evil tendency of some late A of P‡imposing duties on certain articles of commerce, for the payment of salaries to certain officers, or for the purpose of revenue; I shall do him the justice to be silent on that head also; for *if the event much talked of takes place*, the sad conviction will be the fruit of woful experience: But to our purpose, to prove the propriety, usefulness and efficacy of abridging our imports from G. B† and here I cannot pass over a wilful mistake of the trader, where he mentions *a combination to strike off the trade with G. B† intirely*; the assertion is so far wide of the truth, that the most that has ever been urged, has been an oeconomical restriction; superfluities, and even such necessaries as we can be supplied with among our selves to be excepted from our articles of import; and without pretending to a spirit of prophecy let me say, until the inhabitants of the continent are heartily disposed to enter into this measure, they will for ever be the dupes of G. B†. As to the propriety and usefulness (very briefly) of restricting our imports from G. B† it need not be insisted upon that we are a young people, luxury and extravagance will prevent our growth, the less the expence for foreign superfluities, the greater the accumulation at home; when riches are accumulated, new avenues of trade much more to our advantage may be opened: we are convinced that the balance of our trade with G. B† is against us, and our poverty only, which is the effect of extravagance, induces us to continue so unequal a trade with G. B† because of the long credit they give us, for which they are richly compensated by the prodigious advantages they receive from trading with us: If we confine our imports from England to such articles only as are necessary for our circulating trade, and to carry on the fishery, the main objection of *the trader* will be removed; the greater part of the mechanicks, day-labourers and mariners, will be employed as usual; add to this, manufactures will naturally and necessarily increase among our selves, both sexes and all sizes of the poor will find a ready and sufficient employment, our supplies for home consumption will increase beyond the demand for them, new articles for export will thence arise, a more extensive trade will be the result, and soon very soon, we may rival our present masters in many beneficial articles of commerce; which they are so thoroughly apprehensive of, that to prevent the growing malady, they make use of every artifice, *Fas aut nefas*. As to the efficacy of this measure, we need only appeal to a late instance, how forcibly this measure operated in the repeal of the stamp-act‡ we have the voice of almost all the mercantile part of G. B† to confirm. Addresses, instructions to Representatives, and mobs of distressed tradesmen, on deficiency of orders for goods from America, worked out salvation for us: we returned like a swine that was washed to his wallowing in the mire. But thank God, we were not all demented; some few steady patriots continued the salutary task, they entered upon the unusual labours of the loom with coy reluctance, they find it easy and practicable, they still continue it; neighbours convinced of the expediency, facility, and oeconomy of such conduct, emulate their frugal exertions; and England to her vexation, resents her stinted exports—This same effectual measure is again recommended; shall we be whined out of our senses, by the shallow conceptions, stupid affectation, and idle ribaldry of this dull *Trader?* or shall we (what has been, may be) make one effort more? if it succeed not to remove the grievance at once, let us steadily persist in it; wealth, honor and freedom will assuredly be the happy purchase; and the blessed contemplation will be mine, that I contributed this mite towards the relief, the restoration, nay more, to the glory of my country. vide p. 758. PRO REGE & GREGE.

HALIFAX, Careening-Yard, *October* 1, 1767.

WHEREAS there will be Wanted by the 10th of *March* next, for His Majesty's Service here, 134 Ton of streight square Oak Timber:

Inches.	Inches.		
12 by 12 not less than 23 Feet long and as (much longer as can be got.			
49 Ton 12 by 16	—	—	16 Feet
29 Ton fr. 8 to 11	Square fr. 9 to 13		Feet
15 Ton 12 by 12	—	—	17 Feet
6 Ton 12 to 16	—	16 to 20	Feet
20 Ton 12 to 16	—	28 to 30	Feet
10 Ton Ditto	—	14 & 15	Feet

263 Tons.

69 Ton of Square Pine Timber 15 by 12 Inches, 23 Feet long. 3200 Feet of Pine Joist, running Measure, 9 by 3 Inches, 10, 20, or 30 Feet long.
65000 Feet of Pine Boards and Plank.
16000 Feet Oak Plank of 3 Inches, from (20 to 23 Feet long and upwards.
4750 Ditto, Ditto, 4 Inches ditto, Plank Measure.
492 Thousand of Shingles, clear of Sap
27 Thousand Clap Boards, Ditto
150 Spars of 5 6 and 7 Inches.
120 Hogsheads of Stone Lime.
166 Barrels of Tar.
8 Barrels of Train Oyl.

WHOEVER has a Mind to contract for supplying the above Materials, either the Whole or in Part, to be landed at his Majesty's Yard here, by the Time aforesaid, are desired to send in their Proposals sealed, to the Store-keeper, at his Office in said Yard, on or before the 20th of November next, that a Contract or Contracts may be made with the Person or Persons who make Proposal most advantageous for the Government.

Joseph Gerrish, } Store-keeper and Naval-Officer.

Lynn, October 22, 1767.

RAN-away from the Subscriber on the 20th Instant, an Apprentice Lad, named *William Flint*, in his 18th Year, of a middling Stature, light Complection, blue Eyes, something full Mouth'd, a little round-shoulder'd, short sandy Hair, if not cut off. He carried away with him, a strip'd Tow-shirt, and check'd Woollen one, an old lightish coloured Coat, lin'd with red Bays, an old green Ratteen Jacket, a pair stript Tow-Trowsers, a Pair Leather Breeches, an old Beaver Hatt, and old sky-coloured yarn Stockings.

Whoever takes up and secures said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward, and all necessary Charges paid, by YOUNG FLINT.

All Masters of Vessels, and others, are hereby caution'd against harbouring, concealing or carrying off said Servant on Penalty of the Law.

William Gale

Has just imported in Capt *Scott* from *London*, a large and compleat Assortment of English and India Goods, which he will sell (at his Shop Northward of Dr. *Silvester Gardiner*, and lately improved by Mr. *William Murray*, South-End) as cheap as can be bo't at any Shop in *Boston*, by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash only; among which are the following Articles, viz.

SUperfine, middling & low price broad cloth
scarlet broad cloths
cloth colour, claret and mixt german serges
blue ditto
waled bath beavers
mixt, claret, blue & green 6-4 ratteens
bearskins, plains
Devonshire kerseys
red and blue duffils
red and blue coatings
red, blue & green half thick embos'd serges
white flannel
red, blue, green & white drapery baize
red, green, crimson, and pink Colchester baize
worsted plushes
7-4, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4 blankets
stript duffil blanketing
stript, plain and green camblets
double camblets
cloth-colour, black, blue green & crimson calli-mancoes
plain and figured everlastings
flower'd drawboys
figured amens
fine assortment shalloons
prunella shalloons
cloth colour, green and crimson ¾ yard water'd grograms
cotton velvets
cotton velveretts
womens black velvet
yellow canvas
3-4 linnen & cotton manchester checks
7-8 & yard wide ditto
low pric'd stript Manchester linnens
stript cotton hollands
3-4 & 7-8 bedticks
6-4 bed bunts
plain and figured yd wide cyprus gauze
black & white parisnet
black and white catgut
black, blue, pink & crimson plain and pucker'd sattin hatts
chip hats and bonnets
thread & tincey turbans and tippets
silk and tincey ditto
black bone lace
white thread ditto
black figured mode
flower'd & sprig'd ditto
sprig'd black sattin
crimson, pink, blue and murry low pric'd figured mode
black pelong sattins
plain & twil'd alamode
black Barcelona cravats
black taffaties
black gauze handkerchiefs
silk knee garters
sewing silks
white tabby
3-4, 7-8 and yard wide Irish linnens
3-4 and 7-8 garlix
slick dowlass
Russia linnen
Russia diapers
3-4 ditto
pompadore, purple and cloth colour sattin leather gloves
white lamb gloves and mitts
colour'd leather mitts
men and womens black shammy gloves
white kidd mitts
low pric'd and middling tammy durants
yard wide birds eye and figur'd stuff
yard wide popplins
brillents mecklinburg
ditto sprigg'd with silk
cloth, green and crimson ½ yard flower'd russells
cloth, green and crimson sattin damask
rich missinets
rich grizetts
dimitteen lutestrings
figured brolioes
white, blue and pink half yard persians
ell wide persians
plain & figured dimity
white draw boy
stript, green and scarlet worited caps
mock velvet ditto
mens plain & ribb'd hose
mens brown thread hose
womens thread & cotton ditto
mens plain & ribb'd black and white silk hose
womens & girls fans
black, cloth and claret 3 and 4-thread breeches patterns
very handsome muffs and tippets
cambricks
7-8 & yard wide lawns
callicoes and patches
silk & lungee romals
silk bandannoes
silk ferrets
packet lawn & cambrick
a fine assortment of tincey and other ribbons
a fine assortment of metal buttons
incle lutestrings
mens soles
beaveret hatts
mens marble hose
womens chevered hose
basket work silk and hair buttons
best 3-cord buttons
horse hair campaign ditto
letter'd garters
2d 3d 4th 5th 6th 7th & 8th childrens stays
maids ditto
womens ditto
white & brown stay buckram
mens buckrams
cord, braid, galloom and strapping for stays
womens flower'd & plain black russel shoes
goloshoes
ivory combs
black & coloured gimps
Kippen's snuff
black and scarlet snail pins coloured thread
check handkerchiefs
pastework, spotted and flowered blue & white linnen handkerchiefs
ink powder
cloth colour, white and black silk gloves & mits
twist, and silk & hair
writing paper,
cartridge paper
press paper
Matthewman's buttons
mould and wire shirt do.
black and cloth colour'd worsted mitts tapes
ravens duck
oznabrigs
ticklinburgs qualities
pinchbec shoe and knee buckles, &c. &c.

++++++++Great Britian Acts of Parliament vide page 735. & Resolves page 710.

◊Vide the Ad page 53.

Just imported in the Captains *Deverson* and *Hall*, and to be Sold by

Jane Euſtis,

At her Shop the North Side of the Town-Houſe;

A freſh Aſſortment of Engliſh and India GOODS, ſuitable for all Seaſons, viz.

A Great variety muffs and tippets, ermin, trimmings for cloaks, rich white buff and leylock ground brocades, Engliſh damaſks, ſtript and flower'd luteſtrings, brown padueſoys, black do. pink, brown, ſtraw colour'd and grey ducapes, mantuas of all colours, half ell and half yard perſians of all colours, black taffity, pelong ſattins of all colours, brown ſcarlet and crimſon ſatins, plain and ſprigg'd 3-4 black ſattin for cloaks, rich black and white half ell ditto, black and coloured capuchine ſilks, black and cloth colour ell wide India perſians, pruſſian mantuas, ſattinetts, broilocs, moſaics, ſuperfine peniaſcoes and bengalls, ſcarlet broad cloth, trimings for riding hoods, plain and ſtrip'd camblets, cantoons, crape, dimoties, dayſies, dorſetteens, brilliants, black and cloth-colour caliman coes, durants, tammies, duroys, ſuperfine black ruſſell, men women and childrens worſted thread and cotton hoſe, mens ſilk ditto, mens ſilk gloves, buff colour buckſkin do. Norway doe, and all other ſorts, womens and childrens leather gloves and mitts of all ſorts, ſilk ditto, womens worſted and ſilk out-ſiz'd mitts, black catgut, white ditto, plain and flower'd gauze both black and white, white taffity, black alamode and black gauze, handkerchiefs, Barcelona & linen ditto, beſt balladine ſewing ſilks, a variety fans, ſome very handſome leather mounts, black ſcarlet crimſon and white ſnail trimming, bruſſels, miliaſnett, trolly blond & bone laces, footing, joining net, hat trimmings, ladies black and white beaver riding hats, blue, white green and black feathers for ditto, childrens black and white beaver hats with ſilver bands & toſſels, chip hats & bonnets, black ſattin ditto, brocaded ſhoes and clogs, black ſattin ſhoes, Engliſh and Lynn made callimanco ditto, childrens Morocco ſhoes, yard wide and 7-8 cambricks & lawns, yard wide and 7-8 Iriſh linnen, 9-8 Iriſh ſheeting, apron check, yard wide and 7-8 ditto, new faſhion patent wove ſtays and ſtay cloth with trimmings for ditto, ſilver trimmings for ladies riding habits and gowns, ſilver vellum, gold binding, ſilver buttons, bands and toſſels, Italian breaſt flowers, ſilver and other head flowers, black baggs, gimps & garlands, tippets and turbans of all ſorts, paſte necklaces and earings, common ſtone ditto, Engliſh and French wax beads, ſtone ſhoe knee and girdle buckles, neat ſilver tweezer caſes, moco and ſtone buttons ſet in ſilver, paſte tortoiſhell and horn combs for ladies hair, fine ivory combs, tortoiſhell and horn ditto, in caſes, N°. 4, 12, ſhort white and pound pins, cap and hat wires, gauze caps, a large aſſortment ribbons tapes, ſhoe bindings, London qualities, ſilk ferrets, boys blue green & black ſattin jockeys, playing cards, tupee irons, powder puffs and boxes, hair powder, waſh balls and boxes, Turlinton's balſam of life, Stoughton's elixer, teeth tincture, hungary and lavender water, Dr. Baker's dentrifice for the teeth and gums, teeth bruſhes.

Excellent Hyſon TEA, in Pound and Half Pound Canniſters.

A Conſignment of Books, conſiſting of a Number of Setts of Clariſſa and Pamela, to be Sold a conſiderable under the prime Coſt.

ALSO,

A few Packs of Beaver, to be ſold, enquire at the above Shop, or at Mr. *Iſaac Pierce*'s up *Southark*'s Court, juſt above the Orange Tree, and a little above *James Pitts*'s, Eſq;

INDIA CHINA

To be ſold at the above Mr. *Pierce*'s, Wholeſale or Retail.

Neat blue and white long Diſhes of various Sizes, enamel'd Plates, blue and white ditto, enamel'd blue and white Bowls of various Sizes, enamel'd Cups and Saucers, blue and white ditto, Caudle Cups and Saucers, &c.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed Commiſſioners by the Honorable Nathaniel Ropes, *Eſq; Judge of Probate for the County of* Eſſex, *to receive and examine the Claims of the ſeveral Creditors to the Eſtate of* William Stevens, *Eſq; late of* Glouceſter, *deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent, and ſix Months being allowed therefor* —— Hereby GIVE NOTICE, That we ſhall attend the ſaid Buſineſs the laſt Wedneſdays and Thurſdays of this and the five enſuing Months, from 9 o' Clock Beforenoon, to 5 o'Clock Afternoon, of each Day, at the Houſe of Mr. *James Brow*, Innholder in *Glouceſter*.

Tho's. Saunders, jun.
Jacob Parſons,
James Porter.

Glouceſter, October 12, 1767.

Now Opening

At JON^a. & JOHN AMORY's Store in King-Street.

A Large and Compleat Aſſortment of GOODS, juſt Imported from LONDON, which as they have from the firſt Hands, they can afford, and will ſell on the very loweſt Terms, by Wholeſale only.

Among which are the following Articles, VIZ.

Broad Cloths	*Qualities*
Serges	*Fans*
Flannels	*White and black Lace*
Strip'd Linceys	*Pins of all Sorts*
Drapery Bays	*Wax Threads*
Colcheſter ditto	*Scotch ditto*
3-4, *yd-wide & 6-4 Rateens*	*Shirt Buttons*
Yorkſhire Plains	*Muſlin Ganzes*
Kerſeys	*Lawns and Cambricks*
Embos'd Serges	*Silk Garters*
Half Thicks	*Snail and Gimp Triming*
Blue Duffils	*Stay Laces*
Red ditto	*Worſted Cords*
Stript ditto	*Fringes Crown Gimp*
7-4, 8-4, 9-4, & 10-4 *Blankets*	*Mens and Womens Gloves*
Coatings	*Mens Soles*
Bearſkins	*Buckram*
Bath Beavers	*Silk and Hail Buttons*
Figur'd Mode	*Silk and Hair*
Black Taffaties	*Silk Twiſt*
Perſian ditto	*Hatt Crape*
Polong Sattins	*Canvas for Working*
Alamode	*Worſted for Quilting*
Cravats	*Crewells*
Worſted Damaſks	*A large Aſſortment of Mettle Buttons*
Flower'd Handkerchiefs	*Chip Bonnets*
Silk & Lungee Romalls	*Writing Paper*
Bandannoes	*Cartridge Paper*
Black Gauze Handkerchief	*Preſs ditto*
Womens Velvets	*Ivory and Horn Combs*
Incle ditto	*Ink Powder*
White Gauze	*Mens Beaverett Hatts*
Black ditto	*Plaids*
Catgut	*Checks 3-4, 7-8 & yd-wide*
Tabby	*Apron Checks*
Narrow Perſiant	*Blue and white Stript Hollands*
Broad ditto	*Check'd Handkerchiefs*
Grezets	*Strip't & lett'r'd Garters*
Broglioes	*Kilmarnock Caps*
Miſſenetts	*Teſtaments*
Poplins	*Sheetings*
Allapeens	*Garlix*
Bombazeens	*Dowlaſſes*
Brillants	*Oznabrigs*
Mecklinburgs	*Ticklinburg*
Doſſeteens	*Piſtol Lawn*
Incle Luteſtring	*Scilicia Tandem*
Cambletts of all Colours	*Ruſſia Diaper*
yd-wide figured Stuffs	*Long Lawns*
Normantills	*Clouting Diapers*
Shalloons	*Napkin ditto*
Tammies	*Table Cloths*
Calimancoes	*Brown Hollands*
Grograms	*Yellow Holland*
Half-yard Ruſſels	*Ruſſia Drabs*
Figured Duroys	*Pillow Fuſtians*
Drawboys	*Jeans*
Everlaſtings and Amens	*Thickſetts*
Strip'd, Scarlet and Green Caps	*Cotton Velvets*
Mens and Womens Hoſe	*Cotton Velveretts*
Silk Mitts	*Cotton Shapes*
Worſted ditto	*Cotton Gowns*
Yarn Gloves and Mitts	*Worſted Pluſhes*
An Aſſortment of Ribbons	*Hair ditto*
Ferrets	*Wool Cards*
Galloom and Cord	*Powder & Shott*
Braids and Strapping	*Glaſs*
Sewing Silks of all Colours	*Kippen's & Tilloch's Snuff*
Tapes,	*Spieces — together with a Variety of other Articles.*

To be ſold at Public Vendue, on Monday the 26th of *October* Inſtant, at One o'Clock, (if not ſold before at private Sale)

A Dwelling-Houſe and Land in good Repair, with a good Well of Water, ſituate in Wing's-Lane in *Boſton*, now in the Occupation of Mr. *John Welch*—The Houſe will be open, and may be view'd the Morning before the Sale—which will be on the Premiſſes.

N. B. The Well was never known to be dry, and is noted for extraordinary good Water, both for Shipping and Waſhing.

Choice Loaf Sugar

to be Sold at *Five Shillings and Nine Pence* per Pound; Inquire of Edes and Gill.

Imported in the laſt Veſſel from *London*, And to be ſold at the loweſt Rates for Caſh, by

William Bant,

At his Shop in Cornhill,

A Large and General Aſſortment of Engliſh & India GOODS,

Where thoſe who will favor him with their Cuſtom, may depend upon being well uſed.

ALL Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Capt. *Samuel Chamberlin*, late of *Chelmsford*, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts and Demands to *Aaron Chamberlin* of *Chelmsford*, Adminiſtrator on the ſame Eſtate, in order for a ſettlement. *Chelmsford, Auguſt* 28, 1767.

A young Woman, who can be well recommended, and can keep a Shop, or do any Houſhold Work, wants a Place. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

On the North Side of the Exchange, in King-ſtreet, *Boſton*, at the Corner Houſe, oppoſite the Watch-Houſe,

A variety of valuable articles in houſhold and other goods, viz. China & glaſs ware, gilt pier and ſconce glaſſes, a crimſon damaſk bed and furniture, with an eaſy chair, india and cotton counterpins, and fine twilights to cover tea-tables, with beſt tea ſets of china, new damaſk table linen, ſome images, a variety of curious profpective pictures, views of moſt parts by ſea and land in carved and gilt ebony frames under the beſt of crown glaſs, with a camera obſcura furniſhed with the beſt proſpects, ſilver plated tea-cheſts and ſilver equipages, &c. gentlemen & ladies fine wrought watch chains, ſundries in the jewellery ware, beſt india joint canes mounted in the beſt manner with fine carved gilt heads of Prince's metal, ſundries for ladies & other gowns, brocaded ſilk ſhoes and clogs, fine rich pink coloured vellure ſilk for waiſtcoats or gowns, fine India black ſilk, embroidered waiſtcoats, fine ſcarlet and blue broad cloth both colours in the ſame piece for cloaks; a new ſett Chambers's dictionary, 4 Vol. folio, a new ſett of merchants account books in 4 vols. folio, a new Lex Mercatora in fol. a new 8-day clock, ſets of ſurgeons inſtruments, a ſet of fine crown glaſs ſaſhes for front, and convenient ſaſh-preſſes and draws within, ſuitable for a large commodious ſhop of Goods, bottle ſnuff, with many other articles, too long to inſert. *Alſo to be Sold*, A well fitted commodious Warehouſe, on the centre of the Long-Wharf, in *Boſton*.—Enquire at ſaid Place.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

(*And ſold by* EDES & GILL *in Queen-Street*,)

[Price Half a Piſtareen.]

THE *Adventures* of a *BLACK COAT*. Containing a SERIES of remarkable Occurrences and entertaining Incidents, that it was Witneſs to in its Peregrinations through the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, in Company with Variety of Characters. As related by ITSELF.

Qui mores hominum multorum vidit. Hor.

To be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, On MONDAY the 26th Day of *October* Inſtant, at 11 o'Clock, A. M.

The Leaſe of a Wharff, commonly called *Treat*'s Wharff, with three Stores and a Cooper's Shop thereon, all in good Repair: For further Particulars, enquire at Mr. *Pico*'s Store on ſaid Wharff, where the Conditions of Sale may be ſeen. *N. B.* The Sale to be on the Premiſſes.

WANTS EMPLOY,

A Perſon well acquainted with Mercantile Buſineſs; writes a good Hand, and can be well recommended. He would willingly go abroad as a Factor. Enquire of Edes & Gill.

At PRIVATE SALE.

To be ſold for no Fault, but want of Employ,

A likely Negro Boy, about 15 Years of Age. Enquire of J. Ruſſell, *Auctioneer*.

TO BE SOLD,

A large Double Houſe, with Out-Houſes, Barn, &c. being the Manſion-Houſe of the late *John Wendell*, Eſq; deceaſed;—is pleaſantly ſituated in Queen-ſtreet, has an excellent Garden-ſpot, a good Well of Water, and many other Conveniences, For further Particulars Enquire of J. Ruſſell, *Auctioneer*.

Wednesday last arrived here Capt. Bruce *in a short Passage of 28 Days from London; by whom we have the following Fresh Articles of Intelligence*, viz.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

WHITEHALL, September 8, 1767.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Henry Houlton, John Temple, William Burch, Charles Paxton, and John Robinson, Esqrs. to be Commissioners for the receipt and management of his Majesty's Customs and other Duties in America.

The King has been pleased to grant unto John Porter, Esq; the Office of Comptroller on the Cashire of the Accounts of the Customs, and other Duties in America.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Charles Steuart, Esq; the Office of Cashier and Paymaster of his Majesty's Revenues of Customs, and other Duties in America. *Thus far Gaz.*

Sept. 1. We are told that a Nobleman, whose bodily infirmities have lately been the object of much popular conversation, ordered a few days ago upwards of two hundred letters which had been sent him to be burnt unopened.

The negociation for bringing a nobleman of the first distinction into a share in the administration, is said to be now entirely at an end.

The Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, Esq; is appointed Lieut. General of the Ordnance in the room of Lord Viscount Townshend.

The Hawk, Capt. Hall, is arrived from New York with 2000 quarters of wheat and 500 barrels flour.

It is said John Wilkes, Esq; intends offering himself a candidate to represent this city in parliament at the ensuing general election, and that he will be supported by some very respectable persons.

His Majesty has appointed John Randolph, Esq; to be Attorney General and Commissary of the Court of Vice Admiralty in Virginia.

The Earl of Chatham is so much recovered as to be able to transact some business appertaining to his office.

Sept. 3. The liberty transport is arrived at Cork in 28 days from Philadelphia, with the 42d or royal Highland regiment; they have served in America ever since the year 1756, and have lost above 60 officers and 2000 men: not above 30 privates who left Europe with the regiment are returned.

Sept. 5. Before the Earl of Chatham set out on his journey to Somersetshire, his Lordship wrote to a Great Personage, and a short note to his Grace the D. of G. importing his apprehension that (from the weak state of his health) of being soon obliged to give over all thoughts, and to take a final leave of every sort of public business for the future.

Yesterday afternoon, died of a putrid fever, at his seat at Sudbrook, the Right Hon. Charles Townshend, second Commissioner of the Treasury, Chancellor and Under Treasurer of his Majesty's Exchequer, one of his Majesty's most honorable Privy Council, Member of Parliament for Harwich, &c. He has passed through the several offices, besides those already mentioned, of Lord of Trade and Plantations, of Lord of the Admiralty, of Treasurer of his Majesty's Chambers, of Secretary at War, of Pay-Master General of his Majesty's Forces. His great fort was in the senate, where no one ever excelled him in eloquence or ability. To this may be added, that there could not be a more affectionate husband, tender parent, a better master, or more enchanting and instructive companion. He was 42 years of age.

Sept. 10. His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Sir William Trelawny, to be Vice Admiral of Jamaica, in the room of William Henry Littleton, Esq;

By a gentleman who arrived yesterday from Burton Pynsent, in Somersetshire, we are informed Lord Chatham had received great benefit from his journey thither, was surprizingly recovered, and proposed to set out for Bath for the further establishment of his health.

Yesterday the right hon. Lord Mansfield was sworn in Chancellor of the Exchequer, *pro tempore*, and the seals were delivered to him accordingly.

It is said Lord Chatham has already sold one of the great estates left him by the late Mr. Pynsent, to Mr. Taylor, for 20,000l.

Sept. 12. It is said that Lord North and Mr. Dowdeswell have both declined accepting the place of Chancellor of the Exchequer.

John Elliot, Esq; is appointed Vice Admiral of West Florida, in the room of John Johnston, Esq;

It is said the Earl of Bute is very ill, and attended by three eminent physicians.

Several persons are talked of to succeed Lord Townshend as Chancellor of the Exchequer, but we are well assured no one is yet fixed on.

The apartments at St. James's are fitting up against her Majesty's lying-in, which is expected in a few weeks.

The 28th and 46th regiment are arrived at Cork from New-York.

The 17th regiment from the same place is arrived at Portsmouth.

LONDON, September 16. 17.

Yesterday morning some dispatches arrived in town from the Lords Justices of Ireland, which were immediately carried to the Secretary of State's Office.

Salisbury, Sept. 14. On Monday last the 17th regiment of foot, General Monckton's, which had been stationed in North America near ten years, marched into this city from Portsmouth, where they had landed a few days since from New-York. It consisted of only 110 men and 17 officers, the rest (as the General left it to their own choice) made it their option, to inlist into other regiments and continue there.

We hear that there will soon be a promotion of General Officers on the Irish Establishment.

We are informed, that their Majesties intentions of honouring the Duke of Marlborough with a visit at Blenheim-house, was laid aside, on account of her Majesty being so far advanced in her pregnancy.

St. James's Sept. 12. The King has been pleased to grant unto the Right Hon. William Lord Mansfield, Chief Justice of his Majesty's Court of King's Bench, the office of Chancellor of his Majesty's Exchequer, in the room of the Right Honourable Charles Townshend, deceased.

BOSTON, October 26.

By the Virginia Gazette, of the first Instant, it appears that Captain Morgan, of the Hornet Sloop of War, concerted a bloody riotous Plan, to impress Seamen, at Norfolk, for which Purpose, his Tender was equipped with Guns and Men, and under Cover of the Night said Morgan landed at a public Wharff, having first made proper Dispositions either for an Attack or Retreat, then went to a Tavern, and took a chearful Glass, after which they went to work, and took every Person they met with, and knocked all down that resisted; and dragged them on board the Tender; but the Town soon took the Alarm, and being headed by Paul Loyal, Esq; a Magistrate, they endeavoured to convince Capt. Morgan of his Error, and being deaf to all they said he ordered the People in the Tender to fire on the Inhabitants, but they refused to obey their Commanders Orders, and he was soon obliged to fly, leaving some of the Hornets behind, who were sent to Goal, but were afterwards released.

The Captains Freeman, Marshall, Folger, Barnard and Oman sailed before Capt. Bruce for this Port, the latter arrived here last Night, the Rest may be hourly expected.

The Commissioners of the Board of Customs for the Continent of North-America had taken Passage in Capt. Watt, who was to sail in a few Days after Capt. Bruce.

Capt. Hood from Newry, arrived at Philadelphia, on July 30th, off Dungarvan, spoke the Ship Dispatch, N. Phillips, from Boston, out 21 Days, for Liverpool, all well.

This Morning died, after a short though very severe Illness, Mr. *Clement Jackson*, of this Town, Merchant, in the 23d Year of his Age, a young Gentleman well respected among us,

THE Freeholders and other Inhabitants of this Town, are to meet at Faneuil-Hall, on Wednesday next, to consider and agree upon some effectual Measures to promote Industry, Oeconomy, and Manufactures, thereby to prevent the unnecessary Importation of European Commodities, which threaten the Country with Poverty and Ruin, &c.—(a)

Just imported in the Ships *Hannah*, Capt. *Jarvis*, the *Thomas*, Capt. *Davis*, and *John and Suckey*, Capt. *Bruce*, from *London*, and to be sold by

John Gillespie,

At his House in Queen-Street, near the Prison *Boston*,

A Genteel assortment of English Goods, Tea, Brimstone, Manna, &c. by Wholesale, or single Piece, or Dozen, on very reasonable Terms, for Cash or short Credit.

WHEREAS *there was a Horse left at my Shop last Wednesday by a Stranger, who desir'd a hind Shoe to be fitt, and said he would call for him in a Quarter of an Hour (which he never has done), it is desired he would come and take his Horse, paying the Charges which arises by his being in my Hands —But lest he should be a stolen Horse, I here describe him for the Benefit of his Owner, who may have him paying the necessary Charges.—He is a black Horse 14 Hands high, with two white hind Feet, and a small white Strip down his Face, about 15 Years old, left with him an old Bridle and breasted Saddle, with red Housen.* ROBERT PROCTER.

Salem, October 24, 1767.

ALL Persons that have any Demands on the Estate of Mr. *Joshua Loring*, late of *Boston*, Cooper, deceased, are hereby requested to bring in their Accounts, that they may be immediately settled—And all Persons indebted to said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment to

Margaret Loring, Administratrix.

N. B. A young Mare to be Sold cheap.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

On FRIDAY next, the 30th Instant.

At One o'Clock,

Will be sold by Public Vendue, at the Royal Exchange Tavern in King-Street,

A Quantity of very good Indigo, in Tierces and Barrels.

Also 50 Casks good Raisins.

J. Russell, *Auctioneer*.

TO-MORROW MORNING,

At Ten o'Clock,

Will be sold by Public Vendue, at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street,

IRish Linnens, Broad Cloth, Bath Beavers, Ratteens, Men and Womens Hose, Belladine sewing Silks, Silk and Hair Twist, Bags of Buttons, Cutlary Ware.—Also, a large Quantity of Mens Shoes, in Lotts.—Also, 12 Dozen choice Claret; an Invoice Combs about £.30 Sterl. Value—London-made Saddles, &c. &c.

J. Russel, *Auctioneer*.

On THURSDAY next, 29th Inst.

At Ten o'Clock in the Morning,

(For the Benefit of the Insurers)

Will be Sold by Public Vendue at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street.

SUndry Damaged Goods, imported in the Ship *John Galley*, from London, among which are, stript Swanskins, Blankets, Tammies, Durettas, a Chest of Tea, &c. &c.—And in the Afternoon of the same Day, a great Variety of FRESH GOODS, consisting of Woolens and Linnens.

J. Russell, Auctioneer.

Imported in the last Ships from London & Bristol,

A General Assorment of Goods suitable for the Season——

Which will be sold cheap for Cash by

Baker & Bridgham,

In Union-Street.

On THURSDAY NEXT,

TO BE SOLD

By Benjamin Church,

At his usual Place of Sale;

A great Variety of valuable Articles, viz. Broad Cloths of different Colours and Fineness, Serges, Shalloons, Baizes, Camblets, Calimancoes, Garlix, Checks, Irish Hollands, Lawns, Silk Handkerchiefs, Mens Hose, Coverlids, Blankets, a considerable Quantity of Plate.—House Furniture, Wearing Apparel, &c. &c. &c.

To be Sold at Public VENDUE,

By *Moses Deshon*,

West End of *Faneuil-Hall*, Dock-Square;

Next Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday,

BRoad Cloths, Everlastings, Camblets, Plaids, Frize, 3-4, 7-8 and yard wide Linnens, 3-4 and 7-8 Checks, Linnen Handkerchiefs, Muslins, Table Cloths, Worsted Hose, Men and Womens Apparel, a Variety of Books, Mehogany Tables, Feather Beds, and other Houshold Furniture.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON*,

ENTERED IN.

Deming from Connecticut; Somes & Cavenaugh from Halifax; Calef, Scot and Bruce from London; Doane from North-Carolina; Atwood from Annapolis-Royal; Delano from Martinico; Nickels from Cork.

CLEARED OUT.

Jennings, Summers and Lewis for Connecticut; Andrews & Butts for West-Indies; Adamson for Surinam Hills for London; Smith for Maryland; Allen for N. Carolina; Hickling for Grenada; Stockdale for Jamaica; Humphreys for Martinico.

OUTWARD BOUND.

Dashwood, Smithwick, Dalton, Sigourney and Waterman for West-Indies; Brace and Freeman for S. Carolina; Mathies for Barcelona; Morony for Great-Britain; Bell for Glasgow; Scot, Brown, Davis and Smith for London; Avery for N. Scotia; Cavenaugh for Halifax; Deming for Connecticut; Hawes for Georgia; Smith for New-Castle.

Buried in the Town of Boston since our last,

Nine Whites. One Black.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Four.

High Water at Boston, *for this present Week.*

Monday, 31 *m. after* 1		*Friday*, 53 *m. after* 4	
Tuesday, 24 *m. after* 2		*Saturday*, 41 *m. aft.* 5	
Wednesday, 14 *m. aft.* 3		*Lord's-day*, 30 *m. aft.* 6	
Thursday, 4 *m. aft.* 4		Now ● 22 *Day*, 3 *Aft.*	

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL,

** Charles Townsend, a great Friend to Taxing America, vide his Speech on the Stamp act, page 91 also the Father of the Revenue Glass &c. 1767 vide the act page 748. (a) pa. 748.